Identity and Access Management for LIGO: International Challenges

Scott Koranda for LIGO and CTSC

University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee

November 14, 2012 LIGO-XXXXXXXX-v1

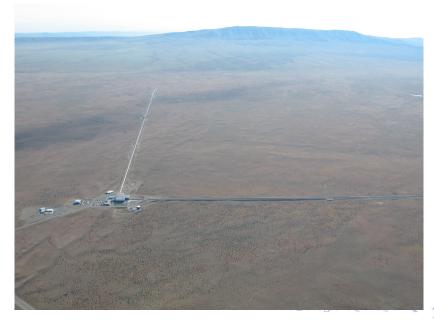




LIGO Science Mission

LIGO, the Laser Interferometer Gravitational-wave Observatory, seeks to detect gravitational waves — ripples in the fabric of spacetime. First predicted by Einstein in his theory of general relativity, gravitational waves are produced by exotic events involving black holes, neutron stars and objects perhaps not yet discovered.

LIGO Hanford, WA



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LIGO Livingston, LA



LIGO Laboratory

LIGO Laboratory =
LIGO Caltech + LIGO MIT +
LIGO Hanford Observatory +
LIGO Livingston Observatory

LIGO India!



Anticipated to be operational 2020

LIGO Scientific Collaboration

The LIGO Scientific Collaboration (LSC) is a self-governing collaboration seeking to detect gravitational waves, use them to explore the fundamental physics of gravity, and develop gravitational wave observations as a tool of astronomical discovery. The LIGO Scientific Collaboration was founded in 1997 and currently has just over 1000 members from 70 institutions worldwide.



LIGO Identity and Access Management (IAM) Project

Knit together existing technologies and tools

Goals:

- Single identity for each LIGO person
- Single source of membership info
- Single credential for each LIGO person
- SSO across web, grid, command-line

LIGO electronic identity

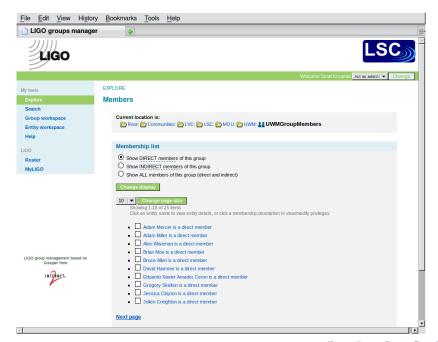
Kerberos principal for each LIGO member

- scott.koranda@LIGO.ORG
- users call it their "at LIGO.ORG login"
- also known as their "albert.einstein" login
- roster drives creation of principal for each member
- roster pushes principal and details into LDAP

Single authoritative source of group membership

Decided to leverage Grouper from I2

- Flexible enough to reflect community structure
- Ready-to-use admin web front-end
- SOAP and RESTful WS APIs
- Privilege, Role, Attribute support
- Provision into LDAP



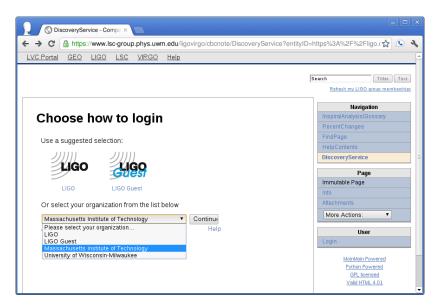
Single sign-on for LIGO web space



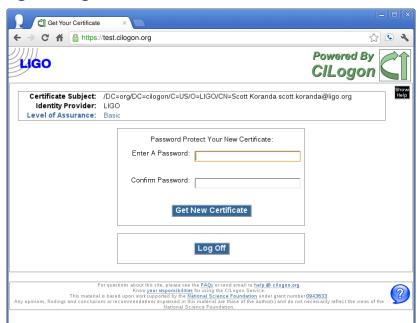
Deploy I2 Shibboleth System

- Single sign-on across LIGO web tools/pages
- LIGO Identity Provider (IdP)
 - Authenticate via REMOTE_USER and mod_auth_kerb
 - Attributes pulled from LDAP master server
 - Focus mainly on IsMemberOf (via Grouper)
- Consume federated identities
 - ▶ LIGO joined InCommon for many U.S. institutions
 - Support access for external collaborators

LIGO and InCommon: External Collaborators



CILogon integrates LIGO Data Grid



CILogon integrates LIGO Data Grid

```
ligo-proxy-init scott.koranda
Enter host password for user 'scott.koranda':
Your identity: /DC=org/DC=cilogon/C=US/O=LIGO/CN=Scott Koranda scott.koranda@lig
o.org
Creating proxy
                                                             .... Done
Your proxy is valid until: Thu Sep 6 11:48:12 2012
```

Broader GW Community

GW community is larger than LIGO...

Virgo interferometer, Cascina, Italy



KAGRA, Japan



Federated access for KAGRA

Date: Fri, 19 Oct 2012 05:15:41 -0500

From: Nelson Christensen <nchriste@carleton.edu>

Subject: access to remote participation wiki

Hi Scott, Warren, Stuart,

I am not sure if you are the right guys for this, but I will start with you.

Is there any way that we can give access to the remote participation wiki to our KAGRA colleague Yoichi Aso who is the new KAGRA member on our remote participation committee.

Thanks, Nelson

Federated access for KAGRA

Need to share technical drawings and like with about 50 KAGRA scientists



Peer-to-peer federation necessary

InCommon membership enables only US federation

- Ongoing negotiation with UK Access Federation
- Early work with eduGAIN in Europe
- Other?

LIGO also expects relying parties in Candada, Australia, India, Korea, China, ...

No option now but peer-to-peer negotiation or joining each national identity federation.

IDEM in Italy will be next federation for LIGO

LIGO CTSC international federation engagement (6 mo)

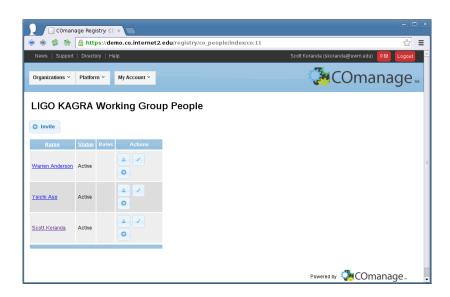
Goals

- 1. Document technical and policy changes for a peer-to-peer
- 2. LIGO membership in IDEM
- 3. Prototype interoperability with UK via InCommon
- 4. Research likelihood and timeline for eduGain via InCommon
- 5. Assist LIGO-India with developing use cases

Peer-to-peer federation with KAGRA

- IdP managed by University of Tokyo
- Metadata exchange was easy
- Negotiation on attributes was easy
 - ► ePPN, givenName, sn, email
 - Anticipate difficuly with eduGAIN
- Access control is largest issue
 - No LIGO/KAGRA working group
 - ACL based on ePPN
 - Only admins know ePPN
 - Grouper can consume federated identity, but no sophisticated onboarding/offboarding or enrollment, notification

Managing Collaboration with COmanage



Final thoughts...

There is no distinction between web and grid

- Scientists just want to use tools
- Don't care if "web" or "grid"
- Typical use case:
 - Submit large workflow to grid
 - Jobs run for week analyzing data
 - Workflow generates 1000's of summary images
 - Need to POST summary into analysis wiki
- Seamless cred management across grid, web, cloud
- Delegation is important
- Need Higher Ed and Grid communities to build together